



INTRODUCTION

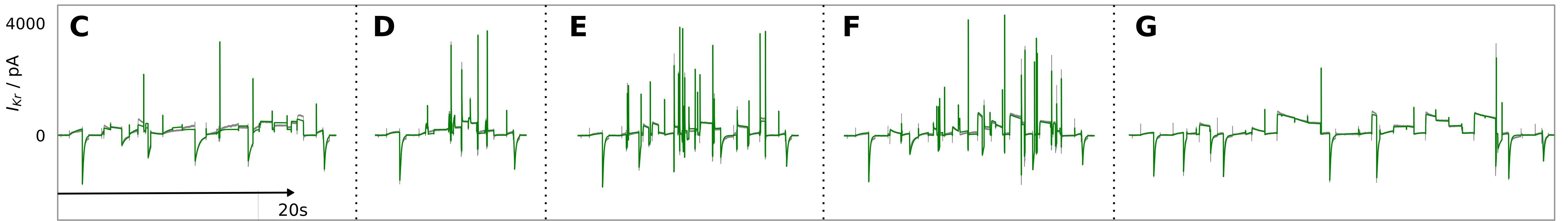
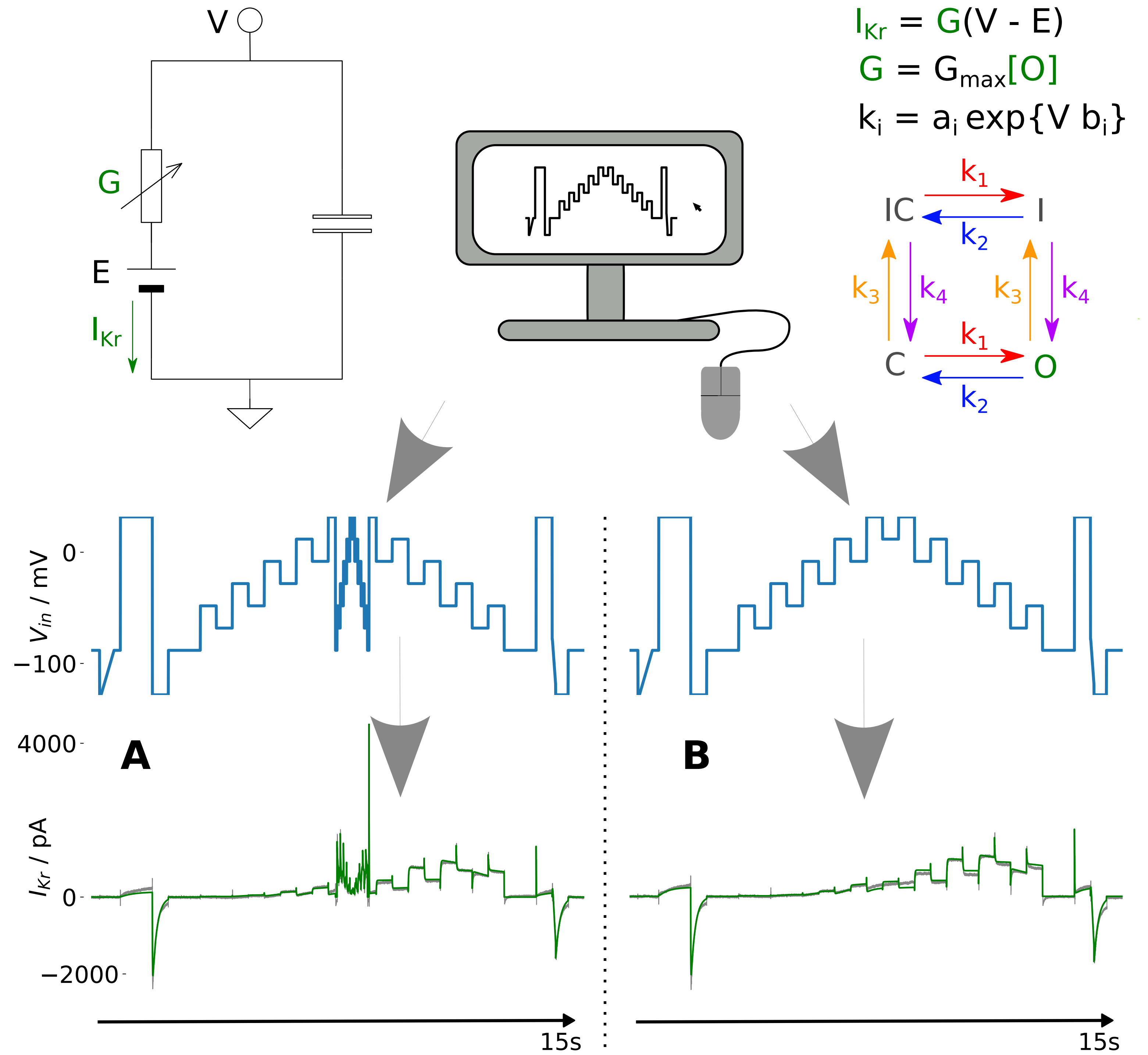
- The *hERG* channel is one type of ion channel found in the membrane of many cells in the human body (including heart tissue)
- Quantifying the pro-arrhythmic risk of drugs requires accurate *hERG* models
- Model discrepancy is the mismatch between our models and the real-world process we are modelling
- Too much model discrepancy may lead to inaccurate predictions

BEATTIE MODEL [1]

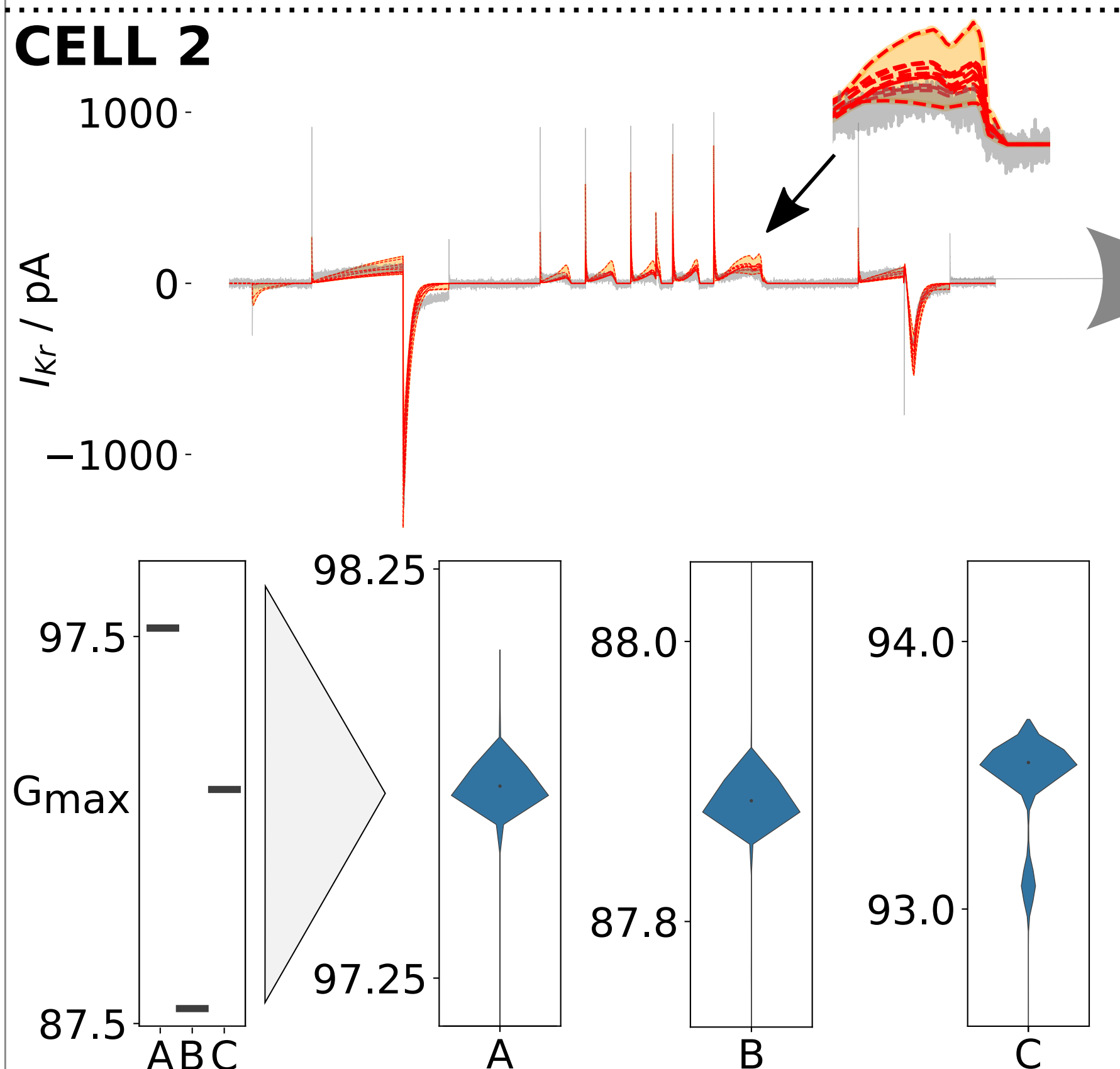
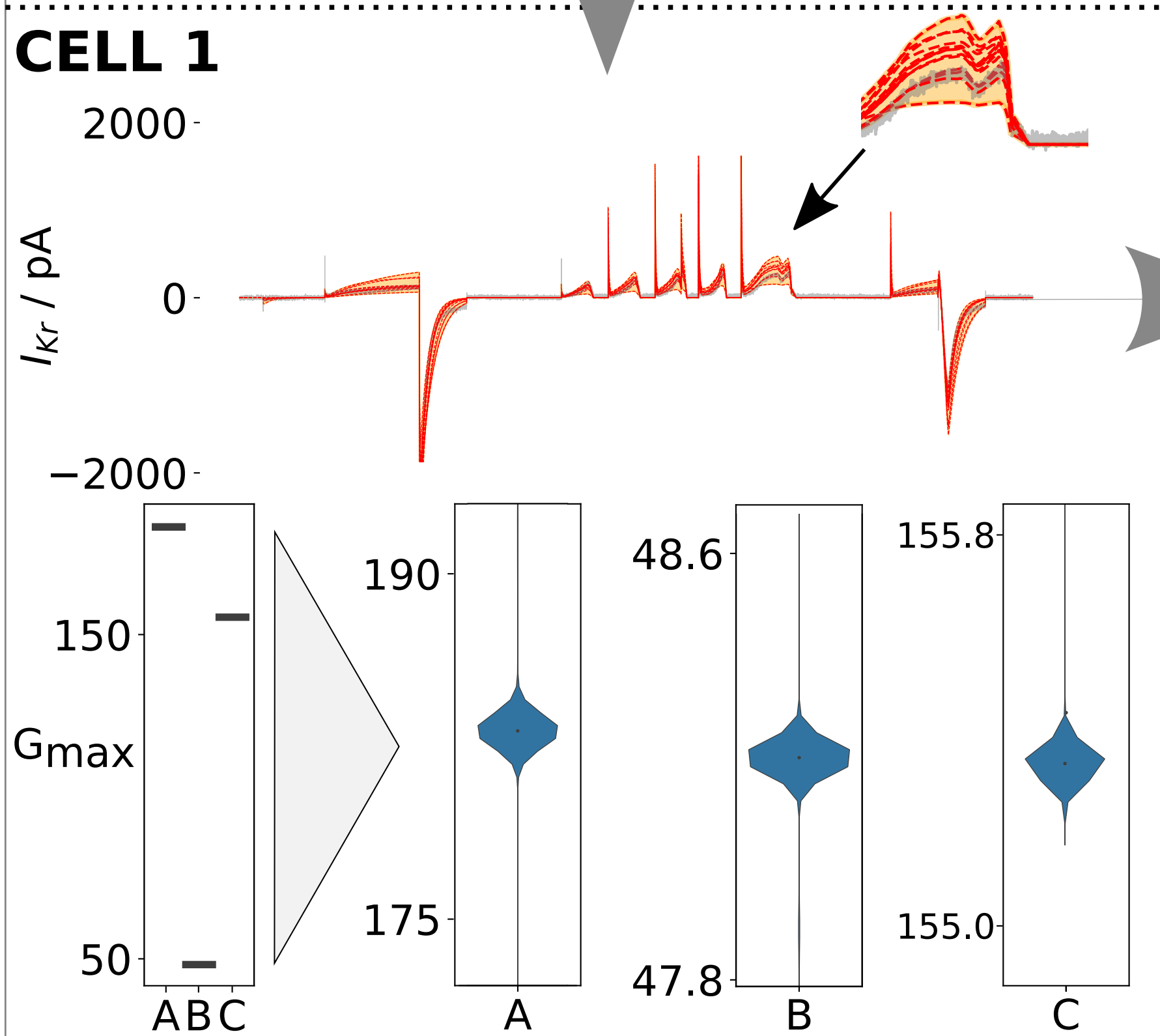
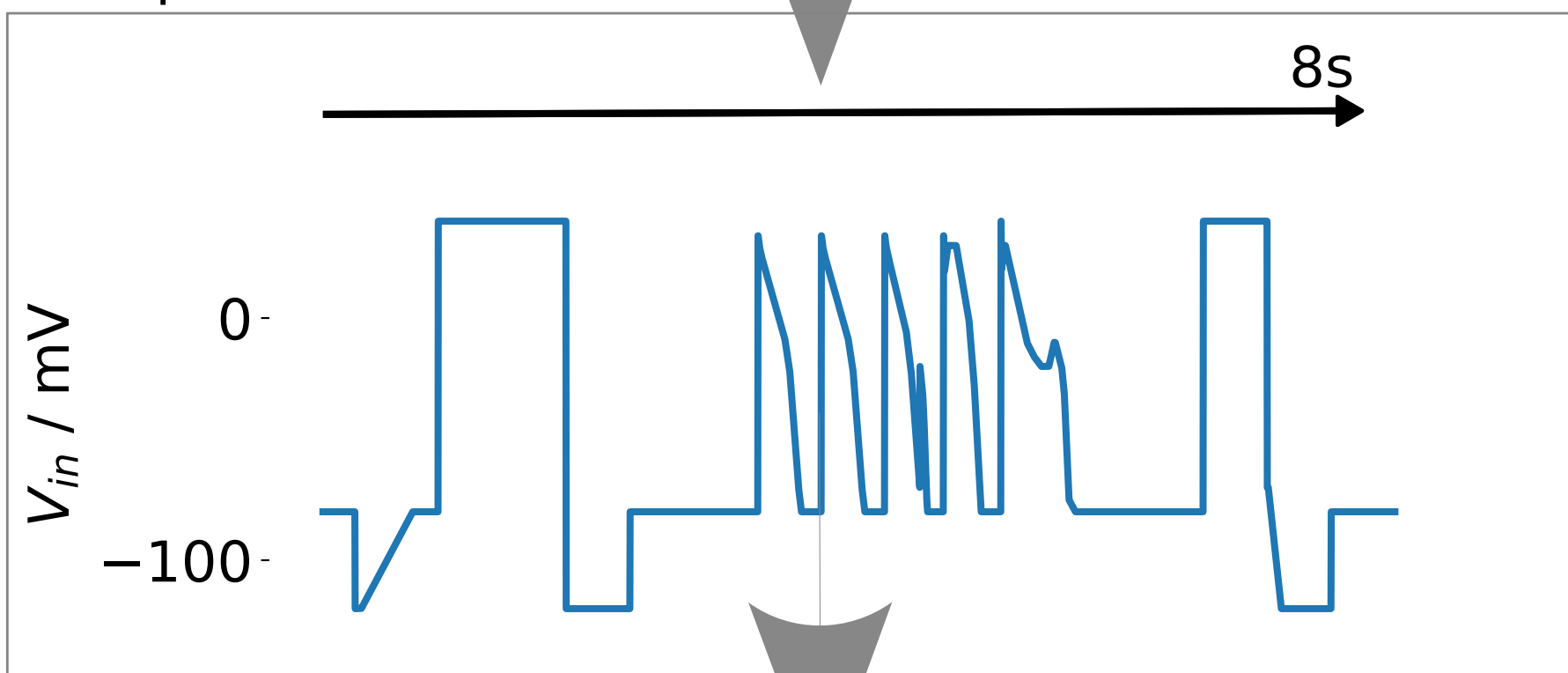
- Most models of the *hERG* current can be represented as a simple electrical circuit
- The Beattie model is a four state Markov model with 9 parameters
- The conductance of the variable resistor, G , is commonly modelled with ODEs (Markov models) [2]
- There are many competing models in the literature with different differing numbers of states and parameters

FITTING

- We stimulate each cell with voltage traces (**A-M**)
- We assume known i.i.d additive Gaussian noise, and find the MLE
- Optimisation is performed using CMA-ES
- We also use MCMC to check for identifiability
- We fit the Beattie Model to each of the resulting current traces individually resulting in 12 separate models for each cell

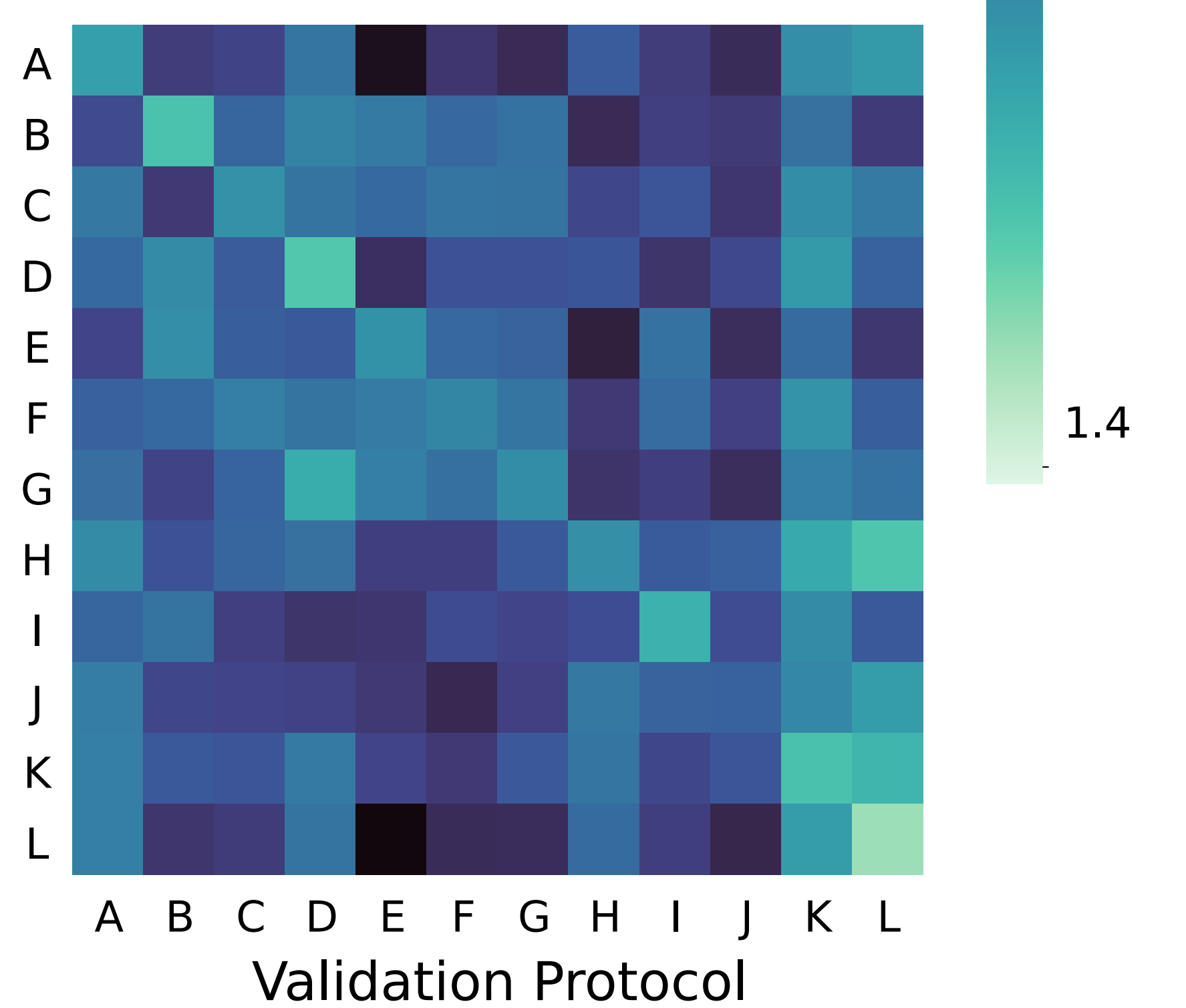
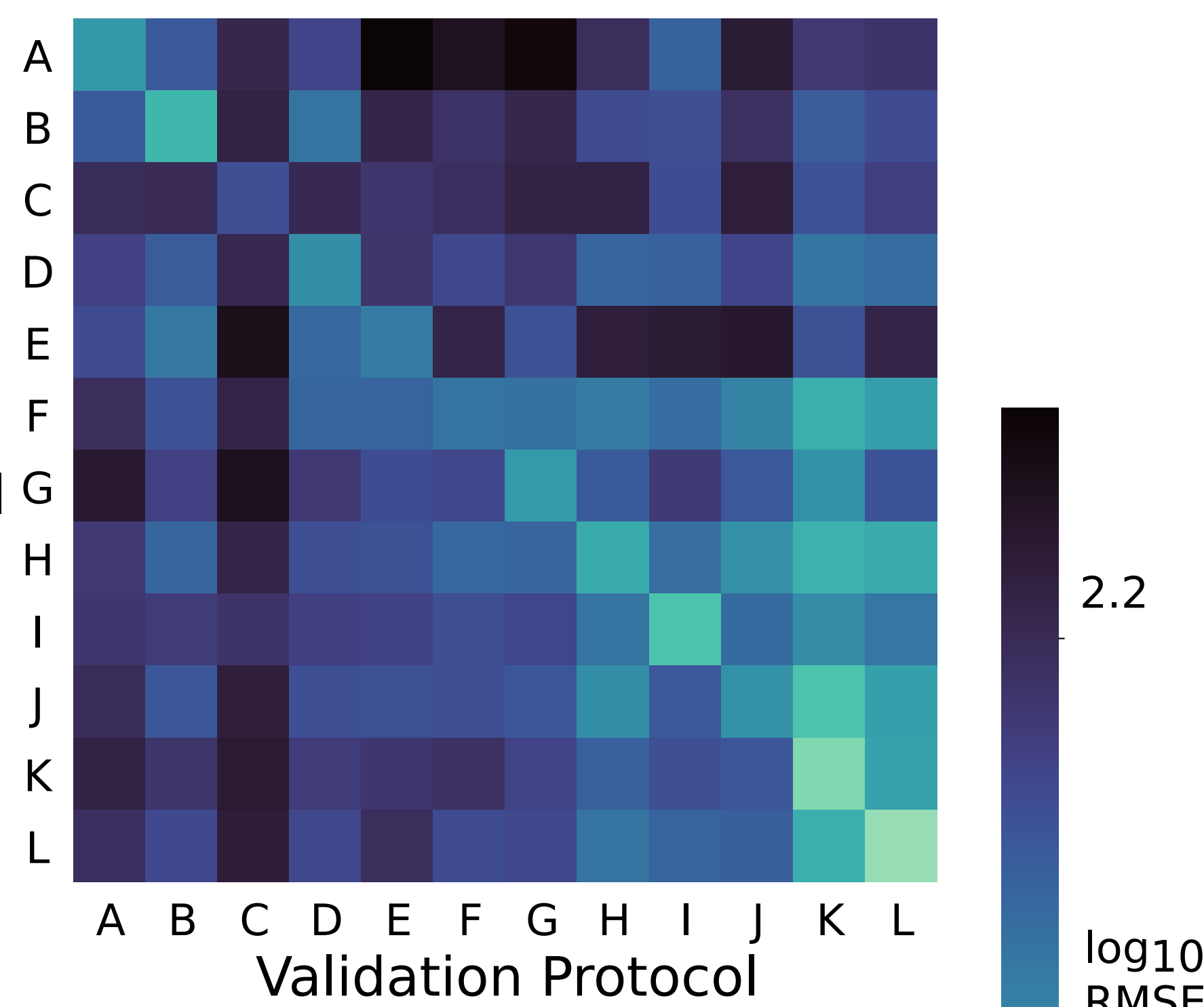


Validation of I_{Kr} during action potentials



VISUALISING MODEL DISCREPANCY

- When comparing our models under validation, we see that they give noticeably different predictions
- The heatmaps show the root mean square error (RMSE) for each pair of fitting and validation protocols
- Some protocols lead to good predictive models, whereas others seem to induce model discrepancy



CONCLUSIONS

- There is notable discrepancy between the Beattie Model and this dataset — a more accurate model of I_{Kr} may perform better
- Protocols like **C** should be avoided for fitting this model, but may be useful for validation
- Can we quantify model discrepancy using the spread between predictions?
- Traditional optimal experimental design approaches may not yield the best predictive models
- Can we design useful experiments despite model discrepancy?

REFERENCES

- [1] K. A. Beattie et al. Sinusoidal voltage protocols for rapid characterisation of ion channel kinetics. *The Journal of Physiology* 596
- [2] M. Fink and D. Noble. Markov models for ion channels: versatility versus identifiability and speed. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences* 259
- [3] Y. Rudy and J. R. Silva. Computational biology in the study of cardiac ion channels and cell electrophysiology. *Quarterly reviews of biophysics* 39(1)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

